

Building domain-specific, visual language software engineering tools

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Outline

- What are domain-specific visual language software tools?
- Examples of some DSVL tools:
 - Data mapping
 - Process management/tool integration
 - Project management
 - User interface design
 - DSVL tool event specification 😊
- Some approaches to building DSVL tools
- Evaluation & future work
- Conclusions

Models in Software Engineering

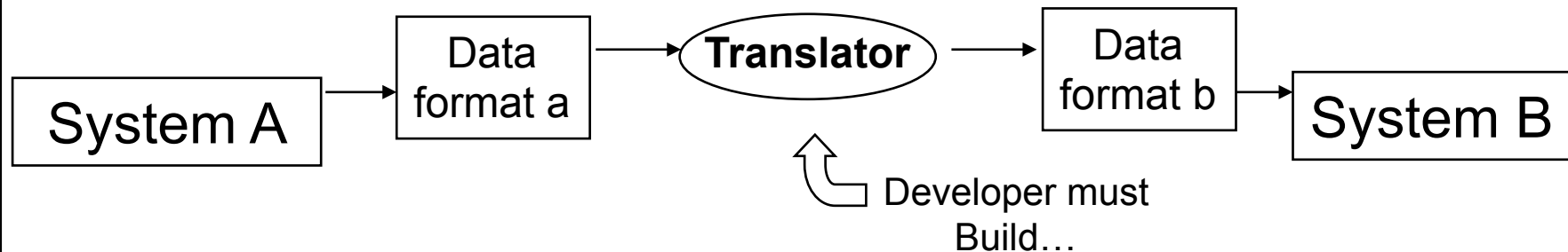
- Much of Engineering is about developing models of engineered products (or rather, models of products to engineer...)
- We've developed models for a whole range of SE "products" and activities:
 - Software processes
 - Requirements
 - Software design
 - Data structures
 - Software architecture
 - Software behaviour
 - Interface design
 - ...
- We've also developed visual representations of these models - some are "abstract" (UML, ADLs); some are "concrete" e.g. WYSIWYG UI design...

But...

- Our models often get too complex, too unwieldy, hard to understand/maintain using only “abstract” or “general-purpose” model representations
- Example: any non-trivial Model-Driven Architecture application...
- Domain-specific languages (DSLs) - models that focus on expressing problems in a PART of software engineering, using less general but more expressive constructs
 - E.g. a scripting language for handling event responses
- Domain-specific visual languages provide way to represent such domain-oriented models using a wide variety of visual “metaphor(s)”
- Idea is to have a metaphor providing closer mapping to the problem domain than vanilla, general-purpose abstract model
 - E.g. show event-condition-action rules as flow charts
- DSL tools provide environment to construct these models, configure existing components, generate code etc.

An Example: the Form-based data mapper

- Consider problem of “data mapping” between enterprise systems:



- Development of data translator tools is very tedious, time consuming and error prone using general-purpose langs/tools
- In enterprise system integration, often have “business analysts” who understand meaning of data in each domain, but not how to implement mapping tools using XSLT, Java, or even XML Spy etc.
- Idea: a new tool for translator generation - uses concept of “business forms” as the metaphor to represent source/target system data, and “mappings” between form components...

Form-based data mapping

The screenshot displays a software interface for form-based data mapping. On the left, there are two tree views: 'Source Data Tree' and 'Target Data Tree'. The 'Source Data Tree' shows a hierarchy starting with 'person', which includes 'name' (with sub-elements 'family' and 'given'), 'email', 'url', and 'orders'. The 'orders' element has sub-elements 'order' (with 'date' and 'item') and 'item' (with 'book', 'qty', and 'price'). The 'Target Data Tree' shows a hierarchy starting with 'orders', which includes 'order' (with 'date', 'created', 'total_price', and 'customer_info') and 'item' (with 'book_info', 'quantity', and 'total_cost').

The main area is the 'Source Data Form', which is a visual representation of the source data structure. It contains several nested form elements: a top-level 'person' container, a 'name' container with 'family' and 'given' fields, an 'email' field, a 'url' container with a 'href' field, an 'orders' container, an 'order' container with a 'date' field, and an 'item' container with 'book', 'qty', and 'price' fields. The 'price' field is highlighted with a dashed border. Three arrows point to specific features: one to the top-right corner of the 'person' container labeled 'Resize', one to the 'name' container labeled 'Add sub-structure', and one to the 'price' field labeled 'Rearrange layout'.

Data mapping

orders

order

date:

created:

total_price:

customer_info

name:

address:

person

name

family:

given:

email:

url

href:



orders

order

date:

created:

total_price:

customer_info

name:

address:

person

name

family:

given:

email:

url

href:

person.name.family = LastName(orders.order.customer_info); person.name.given = FirstName(orders.order.customer_info)

Source Data Form

person

id: 1234

name

family: Grundy given: John

email: john-g@cs.auckland.ac.nz

url

href: www.cs.auckland.ac.nz/~john-g

orders

order

date: 20th March 2002

item

book: How to use Java

qty: 1 price: \$49.95

Target Data Form

orders

order

date: 20/03/02

created:

total_price: 49.95

customer_info

name: John Grundy

address:

item

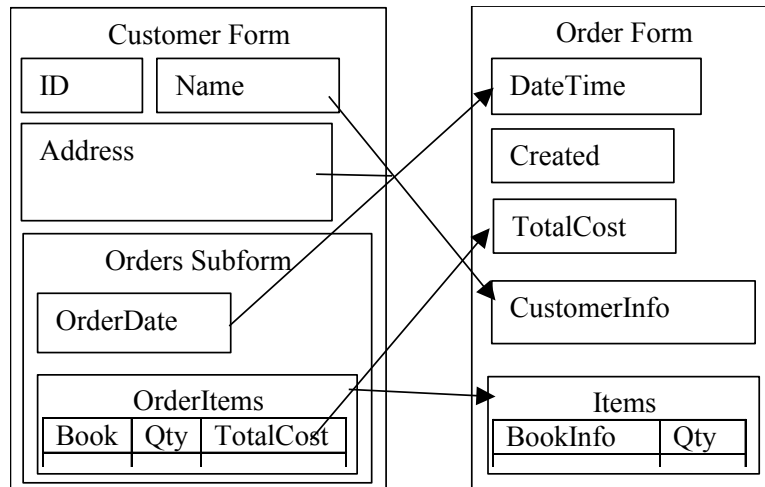
book_info: How to use Java

quantity: 1

total_cost: 49.95

orders.order.date = Date(person.orders.order.date,"ddmmyy")

Code generation...



Form-based mapper
is “concrete”,
“Semi-declarative”
DSVL...

Order:

1

XSLT transformation
script generation

2

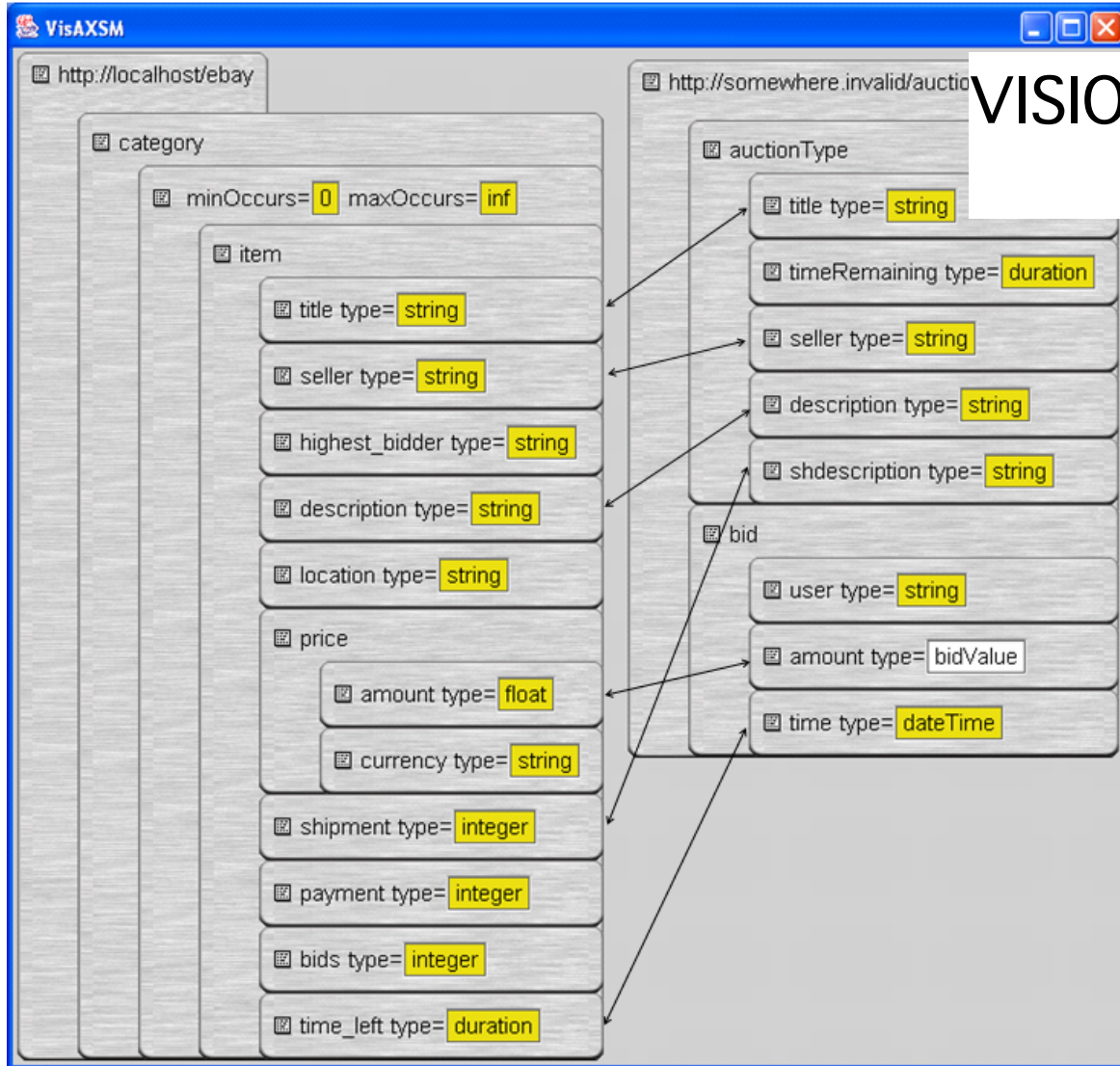
3

4

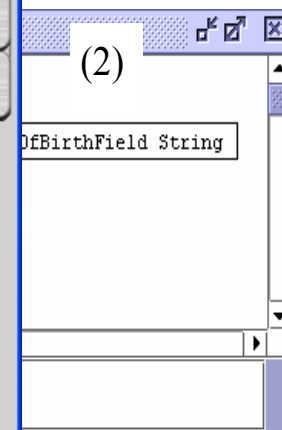
```
<xsl:template match="/">
  <Order>
    <Number>...</Number>
    <DateTime><xsl:value-of select="/Order[1]/Order/Date"/>
    </DateTime>
    <Created>
      <xsl:value-of select="date:to-string(date:new())"/>
    </Created>
    <TotalCost><xsl:value-of
      select="sum(//OrderItem/TotalCost)"/> </TotalCost>
    <xsl:variable name="customer_id" select=
      "/Order/OrderItem[1]/CustomerSID"/>
    <CustomerInfo>
      <xsl:apply-templates select="//Customer [@id =
        $customer_id]"/>
    </CustomerInfo>
    <Items>
      <xsl:apply-templates select="//OrderItem"/>
    </Items>
  </Order>
</xsl:template>
```

...

Other DSL data mappers...



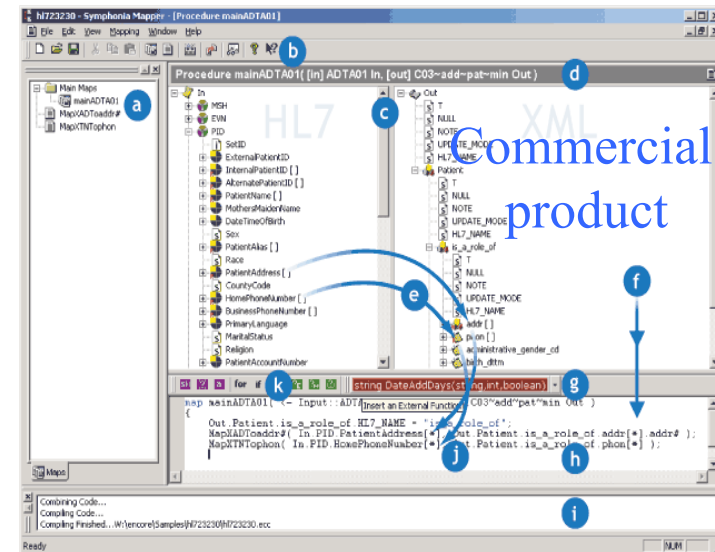
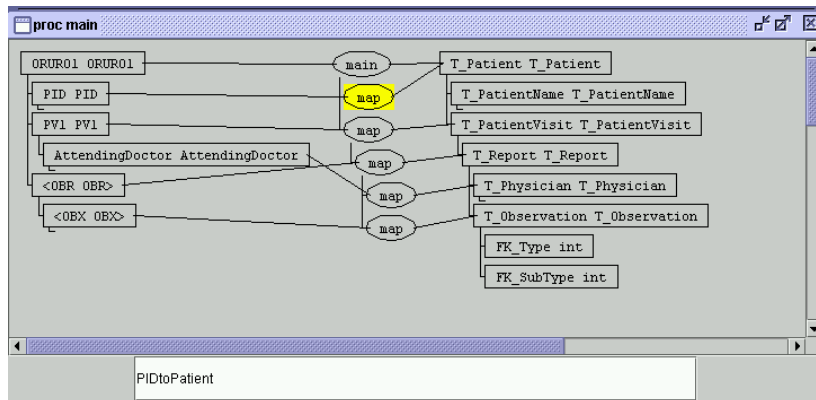
VISION – (semi-)abstract,
declarative



Example: Orion Systems Ltd Symphonia Message Mapper



- Health message mapping
 - Orion developed Rhapsody product from proof of concept systems
 - Large NZ software export earner
 - Follow-up DSVL tools underway



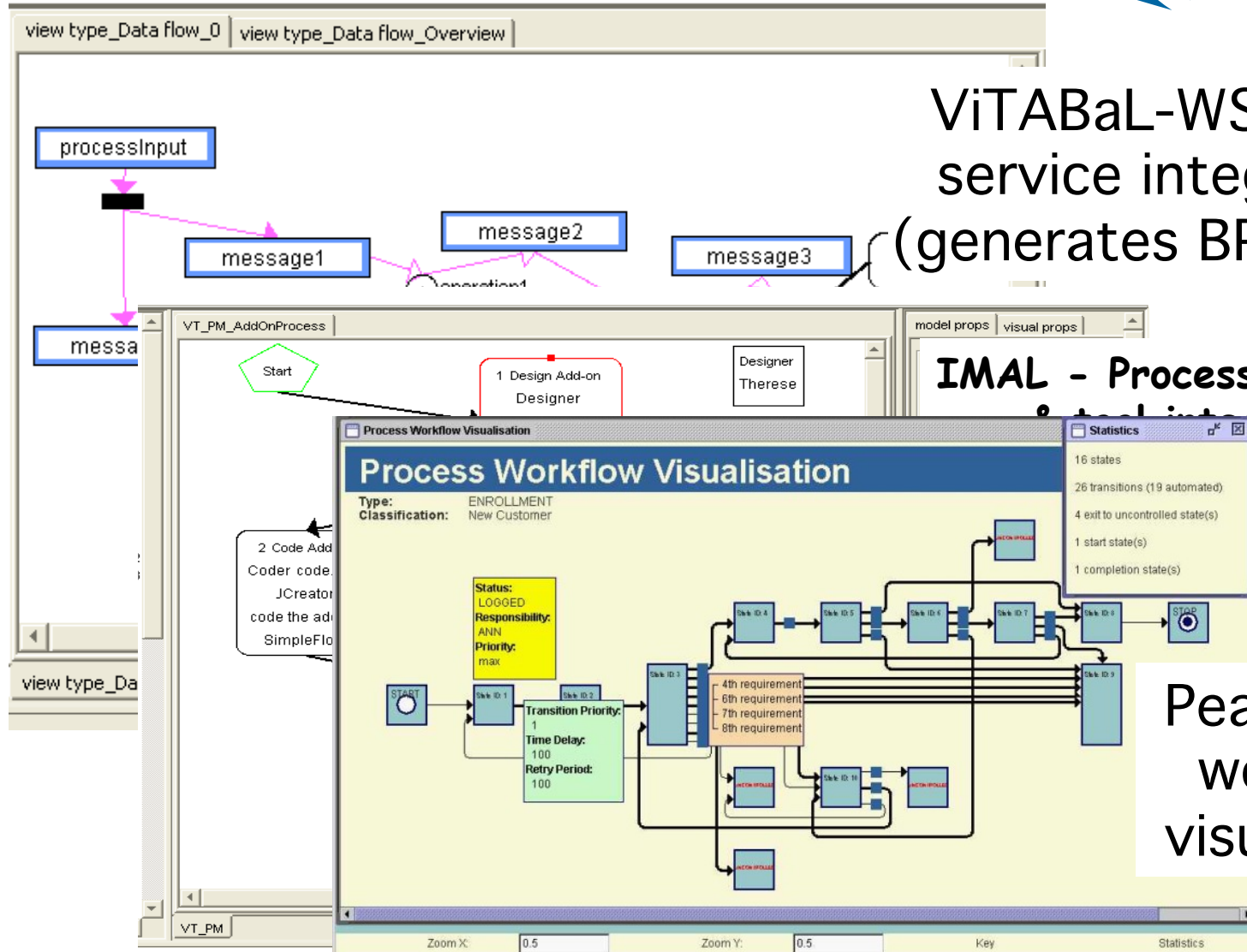
Commercial product

Process Management DSLs

2005
YEAR

PRESENTATION

The University of Auckland | New Zealand



ViTABaL-WS – web service integration (generates BPEL4WS)

IMAL - Process modelling & tool integration foPath,

Peace WF – workflow visualisation

Project Management DSLs

주소(D) http://localhost:8080/PounamuSVGApp/controllerservlet?action=OnStandardEditing

Main Menu **Display a PounamuView diagram:**

Specify a Pounamu tool The PounamuView diagram named GanttView4 is displayed as soon as you click a tool. You can click a tool to edit the view.

Load Tool

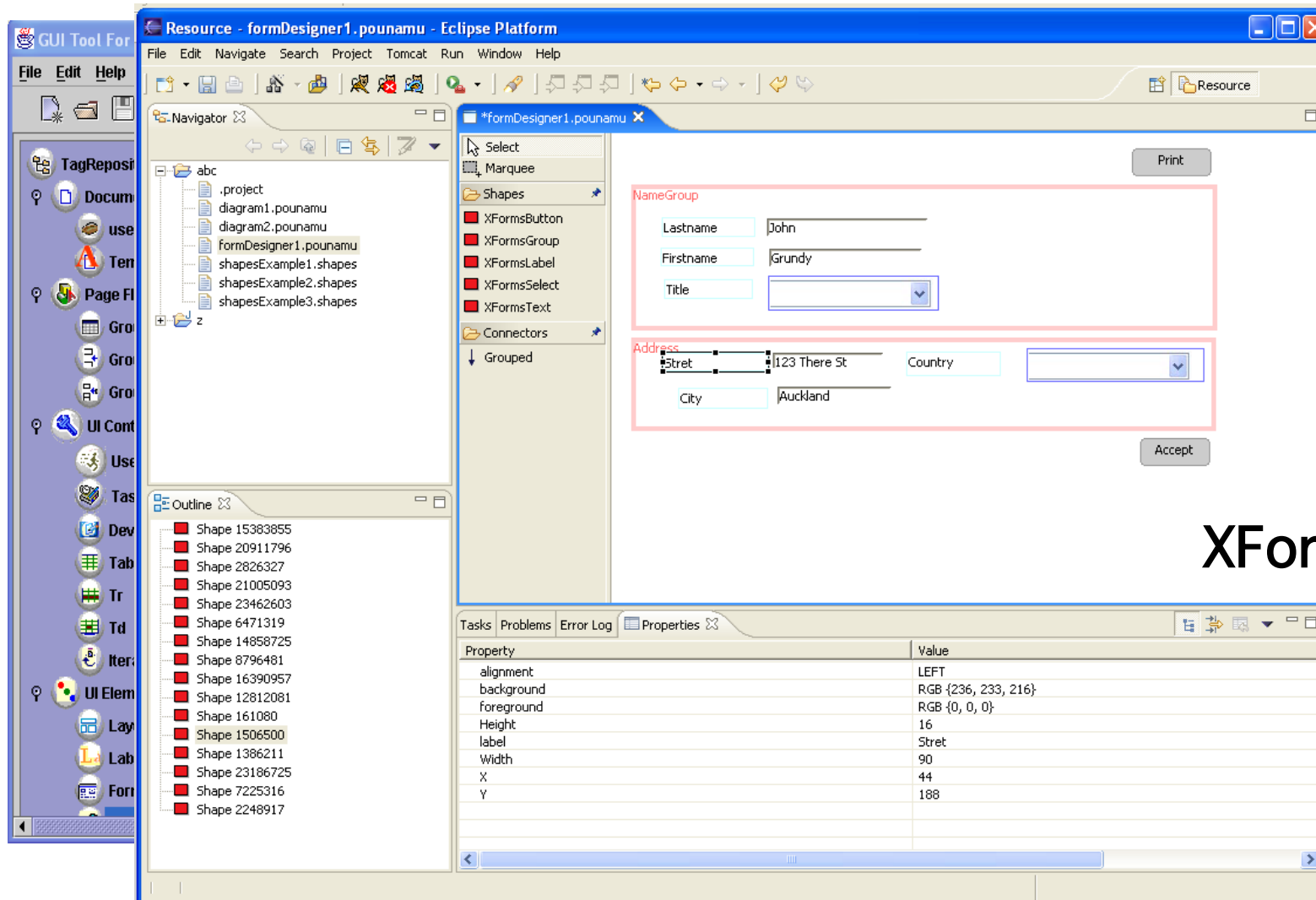
Specify Pounamu project & view

Running in a web browser...



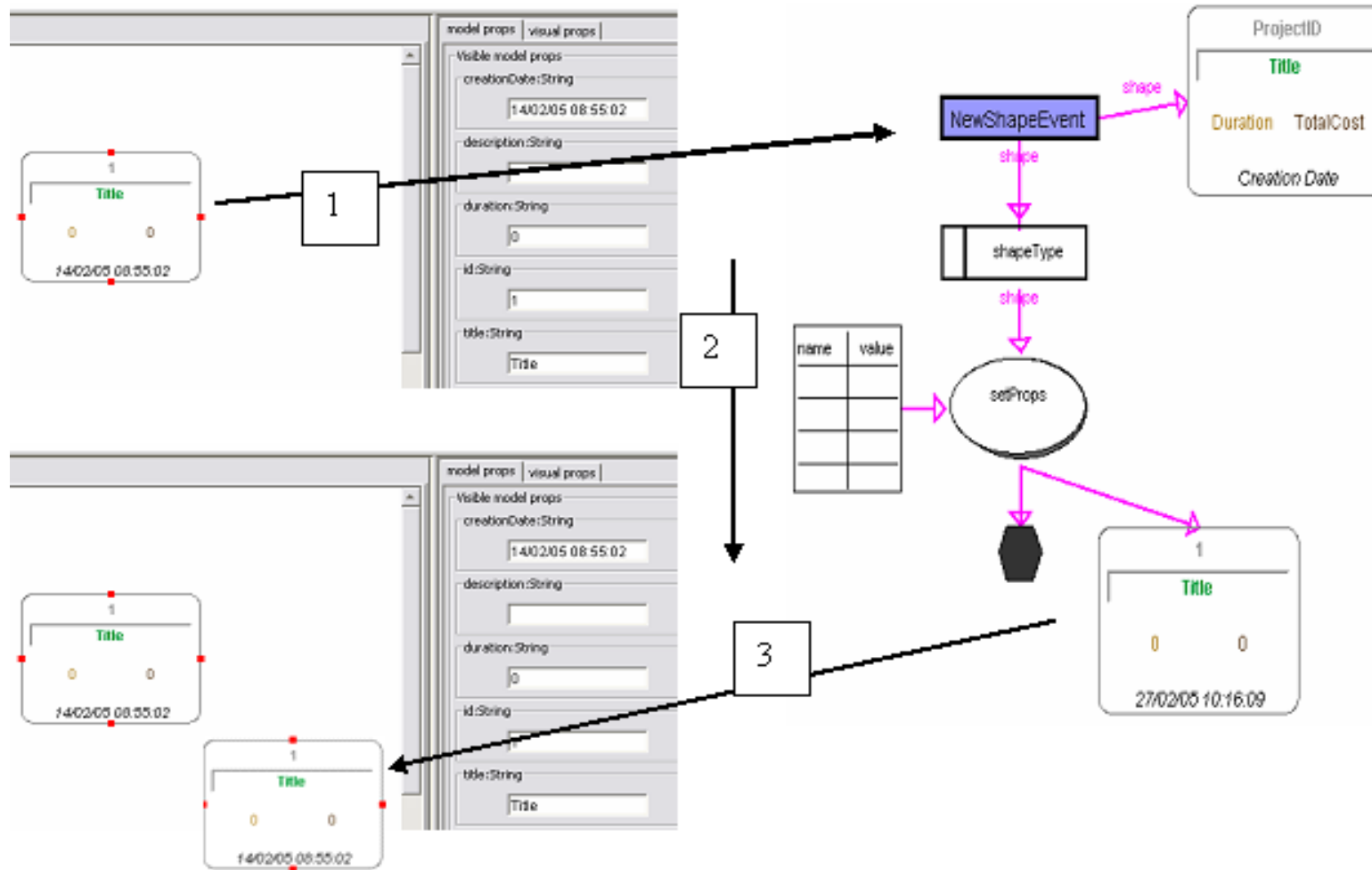
CityVis - PM data ☺

UI Design

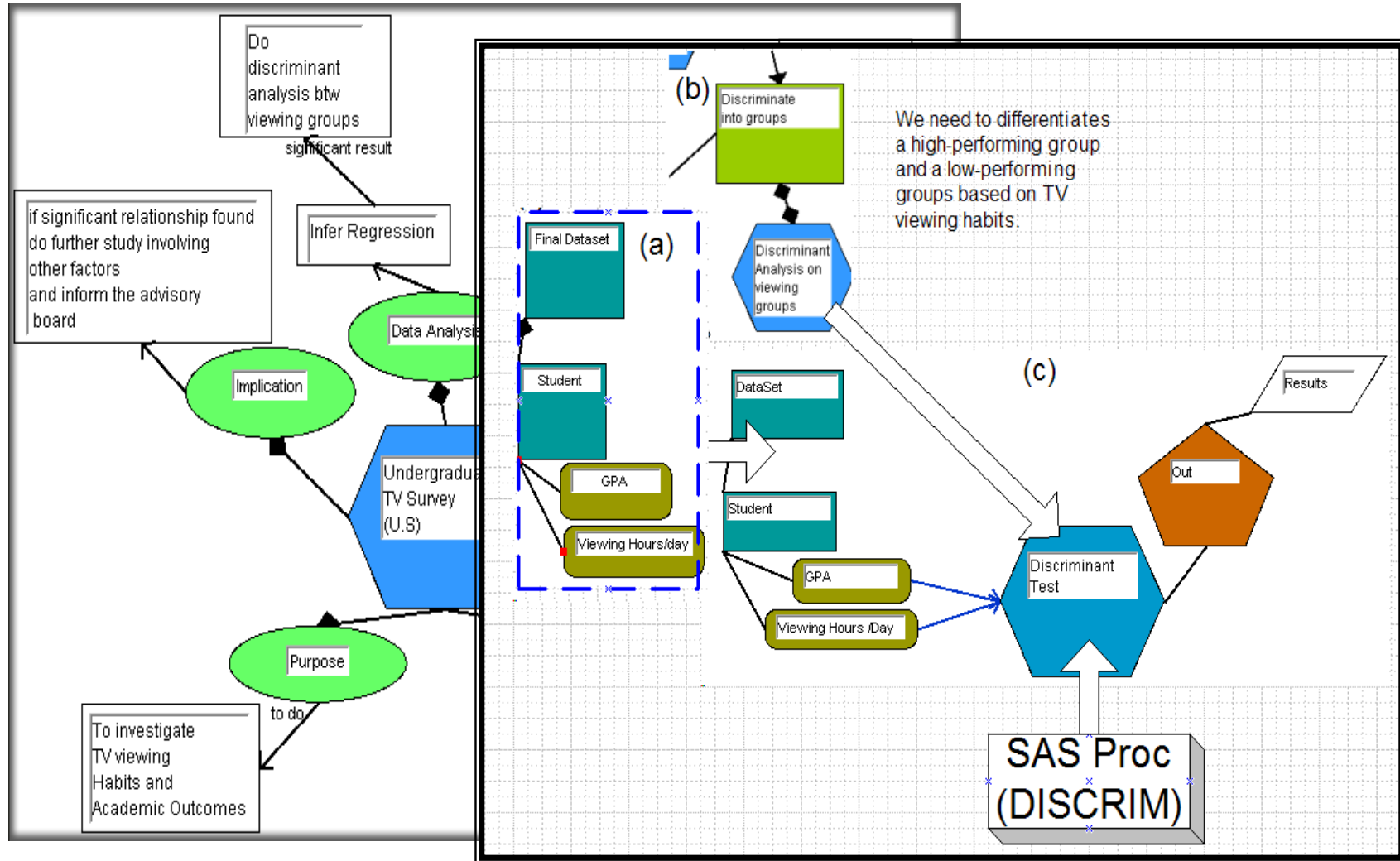


XForms

Visual event handling specification for DSLV tools



And not just for software...



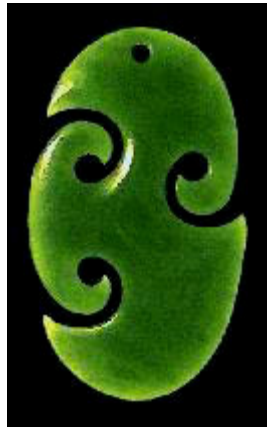
Domain-specific visual language tools (c) John Grundy 2005

Designing DSVLs

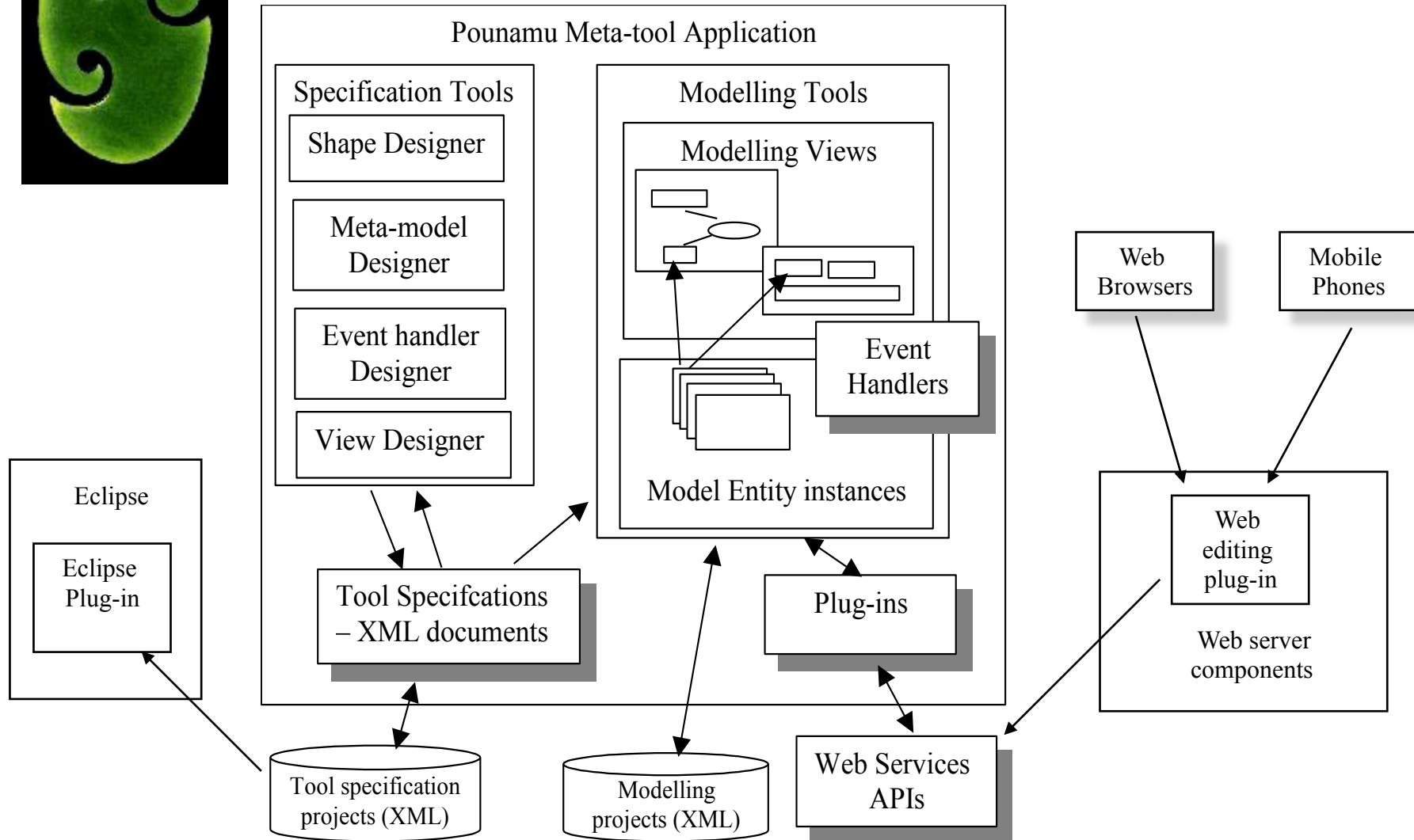
- Little-understood...
- Our approach:
 - Identify key abstractions (“building blocks”) in the target domain - leads to Domain-Specific Language
 - Identify candidate visual metaphors for DSL
 - Rapid prototype DSVL tools
 - Evaluate via:
 - Cognitive Dimensions (Greene, Blackwell)
 - Target user groups
 - Comparison to use of “conventional” languages, models, tools

Building DSL Tools...

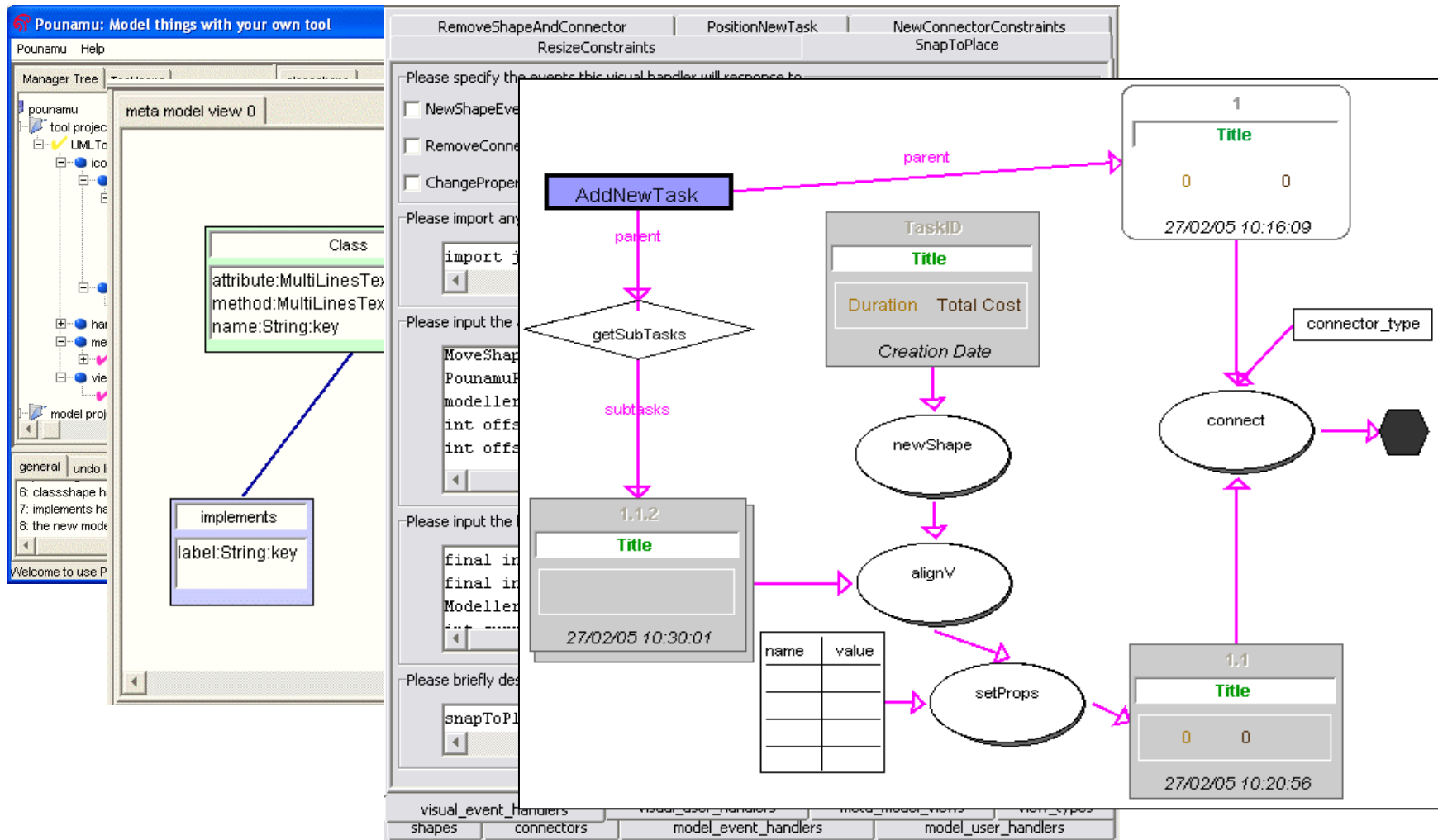
- Its hard to build these things...
 - Visual metaphor
 - Model to represent/build
 - Generate code/configurations/etc from model
 - Integrate with other tools
- Our current approach:
 - Meta-tool - visual models/meta-model
 - Import/export from model (XMI, Java, BPEL, WSDL, etc)
 - Web service/RMI APIs for other tools/plug-ins
 - Web browser, phone, Eclipse, collaboration plug-ins



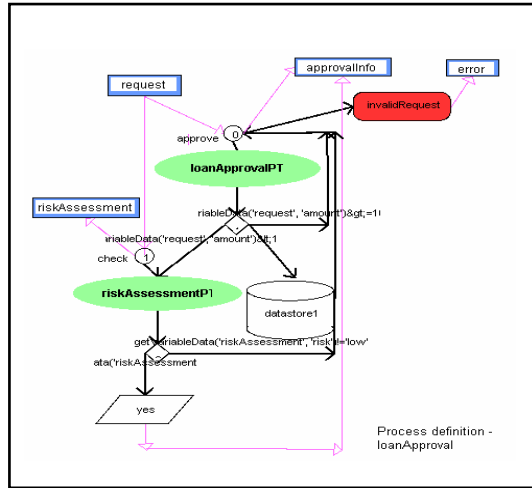
Pounamu



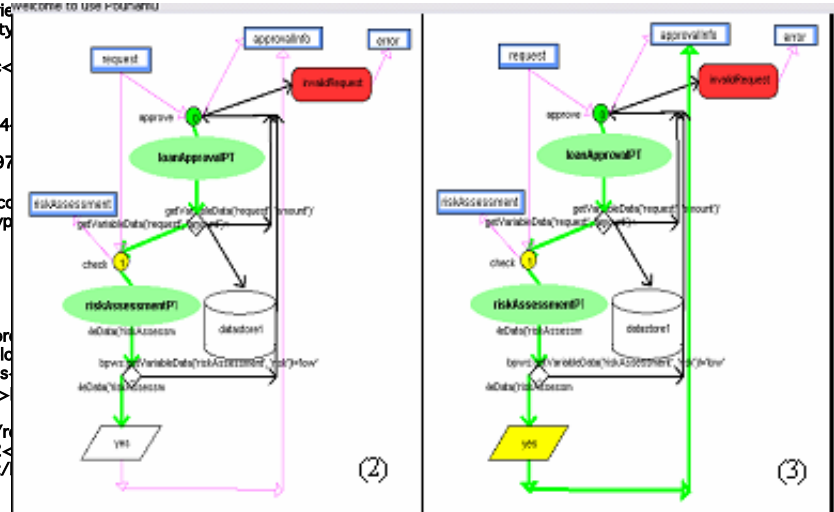
Meta-tools (themselves DSVLS!)



Code (data) generation

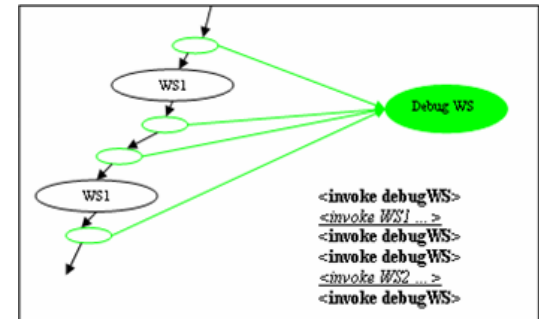


```
<view>
<viewname>FormLayout_0</viewname>
<viewtype>FormLayout</viewtype>
<shape>
<name>XForm$123_abc</name>
<type>XForm</type>
<id>shape0</id>
<rootid>9B028801-3974
rootid>
objectid>
<iconname>XForm_0</iconname>
<icontype>Form</icontype>
<basex>197</basex>
<basey>19</basey>
<width>400</width>
<height>435</height>
<property>
<propertyname>foreground</propertyname>
<propertytype>Color</propertytype>
<propertypath>this</propertypath>
<propertyoldname></propertyoldname>
<propertyvalue>
<red>255</red>
<green>102</green>
<blue>102</blue>
</propertyvalue>
</property>
<property>
<propertyname>background</propertyname>
```

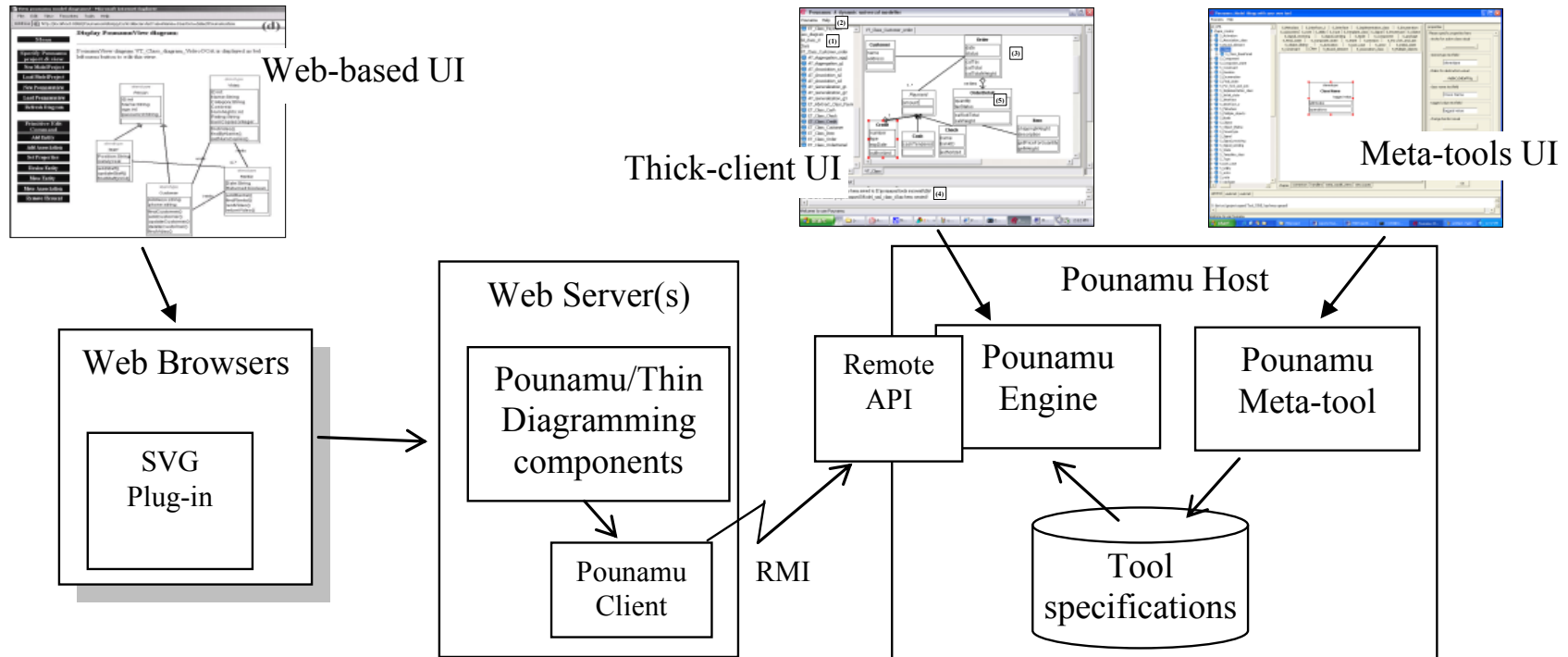


Via XSLT

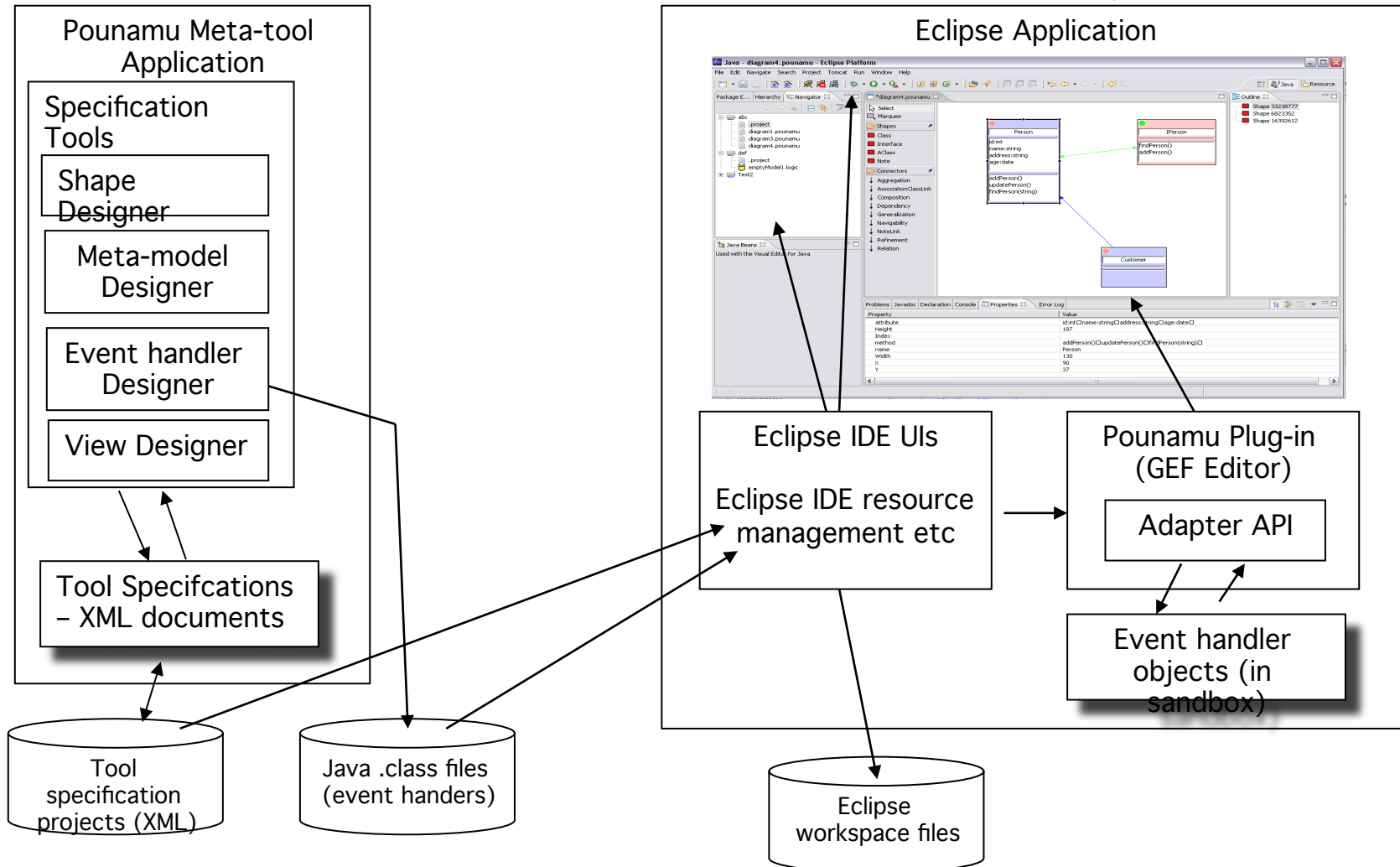
```
<receive name="receive" partnerLink="customer"
portType="loanApprovalPT"
operation="approve"
variable="request"
createInstance="yes">
<!--links-->
</receive>
<invoke name="invokeapprover" partnerLink="approver"
portType="loanApprovalPT"
operation="approve"
inputVariable="request"
outputVariable="approvalInfo">
<!--links-->
</invoke>
<invoke name="invokeassessor" partnerLink="assessor"
portType="riskAssessmentPT"
operation="check"
inputVariable="request"
outputVariable="riskAssessment">
<!--links-->
</invoke>
```



Web-based diagramming



Eclipse Plug-in



Evaluation

- Used to build range of academic & proof-of-concept industrial DSL tools
- Proven useful for rapid prototype/evaluation of metaphors, meta-models
- Limited industrial deployment - use as modelling tool
- Still too difficult to express model transformation and code generation (ironically, data mapping... 😊)
- Closer integration with other tools needed (hence Eclipse plug-in; web services API)
- Need richer meta-model & constraint specification
- Need improved event handling specification (hence DSL for meta-tool itself...)

Conclusions

- Our software models using general-purpose visual notations can get too complex, unwieldy, unsuitable for expressing models in various domains
- Domain-specific languages enable purpose-built model specification; DSLs provide visual metaphor for these building these models
- DSL tools support DSL model construction, visualisation and code/data generation/component configuration
- We're still learning how to design appropriate visual metaphors for DSLs; building DSL tools is hard
- Pay-off can be high...

References

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